

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

**CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): June 1, 2023

Prelude Therapeutics Incorporated
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

001-39527
(Commission
File Number)

81-1384762
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

200 Powder Mill Road
Wilmington, Delaware
(Address of principal executive offices)

19803
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(302) 467-1280**

Not Applicable
(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	PRLD	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure

The Company has prepared investor presentation materials with information about the Company, which it intends to use as part of investor presentations. A copy of the investor presentation materials to be used by management for presentations is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information in this Current Report on Form 8-K and in Exhibits 99.1 attached hereto is being furnished, but shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), and is not incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
99.1	Presentation
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL Document)

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PRELUDE THERAPEUTICS INCORPORATED

Date: June 1, 2023

By: /s/ Laurent Chardonnet
Laurent Chardonnet
Chief Financial Officer

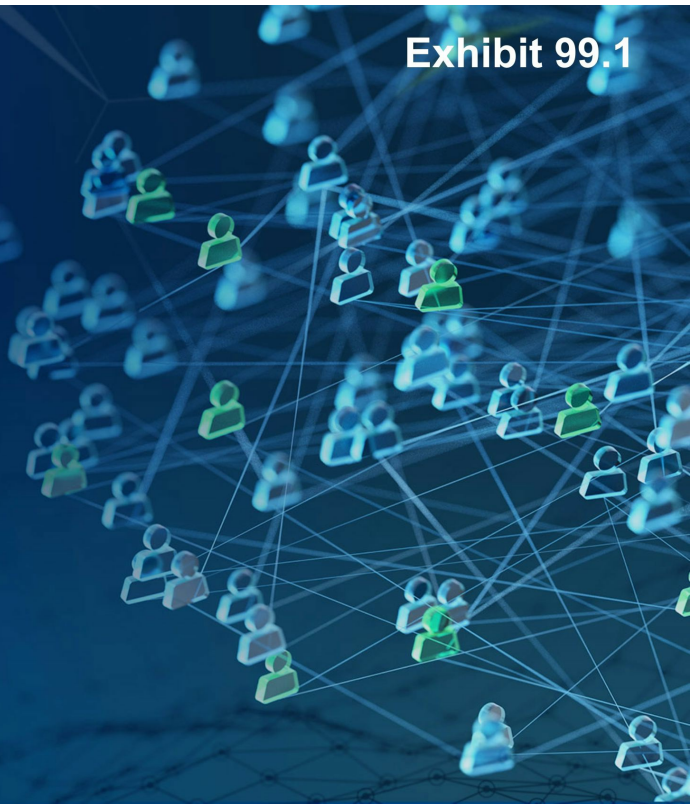


Prelude
THERAPEUTICS

Exhibit 99.1

Corporate Presentation
May 2023

Patient focused.
Science driven.
Precision oncology.



Forward Looking Statements

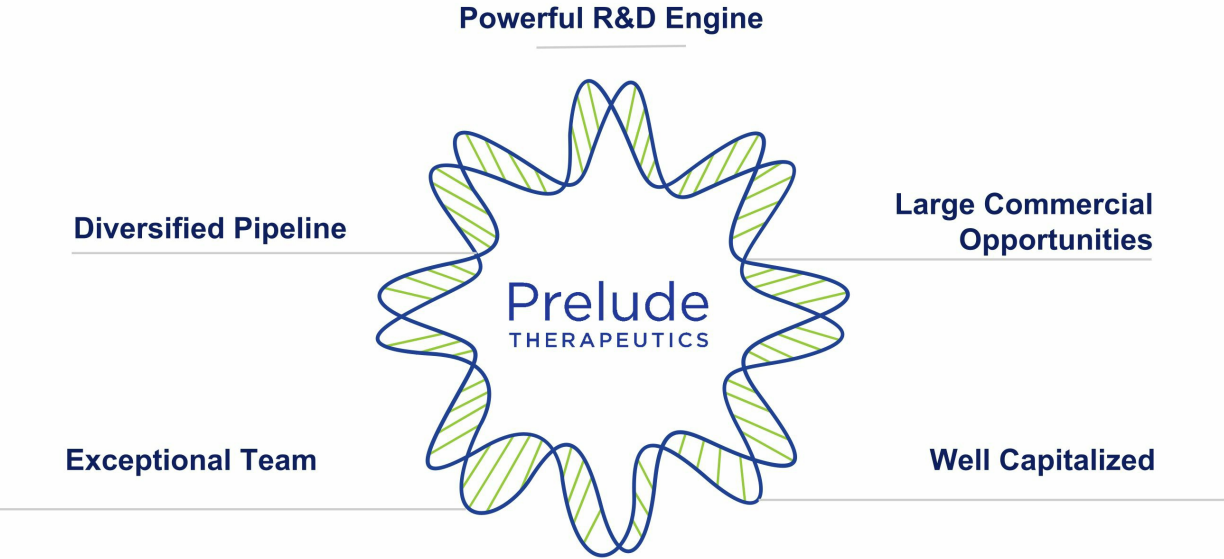
This presentation contains “forward-looking” statements within the meaning of the “safe harbor” provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including, but not limited to: our plans to develop and commercialize small molecule therapies, our expectations about timing and ability to commence, enroll or complete clinical studies, present data and clinical results or updates, and to obtain regulatory approvals for PRT1419, PRT2527, PRT3645, PRT3789, our oral SMARCA2 candidate and other candidates in development, the ability of our product candidates to treat various cancers, the ability to discover additional suitable candidates for regulatory approval and the sufficiency of our cash and cash equivalents to fund our operations.

Any statements contained herein or provided orally that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by such terminology as “believe,” “may,” “will,” “potentially,” “estimate,” “continue,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “could,” “would,” “project,” “plan,” “expect” and similar expressions that convey uncertainty of future events or outcomes, although not all forward-looking statements contain these words. Statements, including forward-looking statements, speak only to the date they are provided (unless an earlier date is indicated).

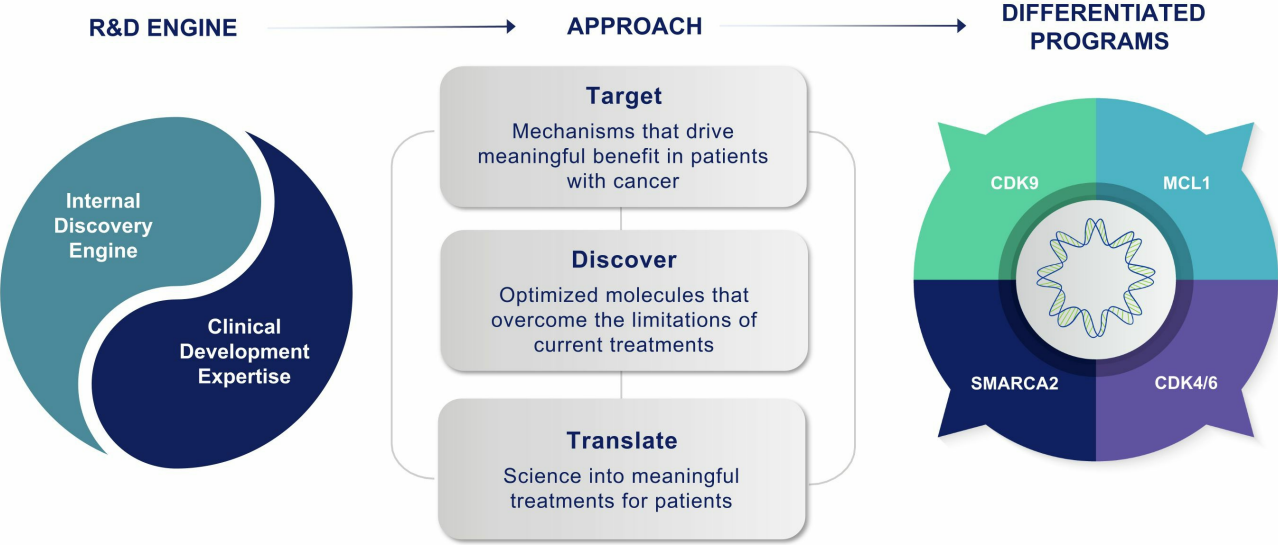
Certain data in this presentation are based on cross-study comparisons and are not based on any head-to-head clinical trials. Cross-study comparisons are inherently limited and may suggest misleading similarities or differences. This presentation shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of these securities in any state or other jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such state or other jurisdiction.

These forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs of our management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to us. Although we believe the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. If such assumptions do not fully materialize or prove incorrect, the events or circumstances referred to in the forward-looking statements may not occur. We undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason after the date of this presentation to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations, except as required by law. Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Additional risks and uncertainties that could affect our business are included under the caption “Risk Factors” in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

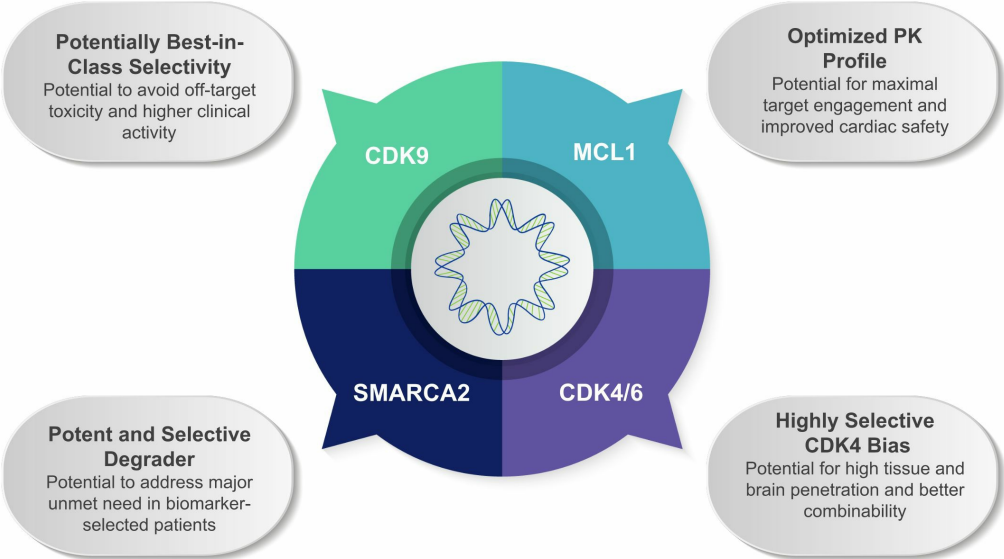
Prelude Therapeutics: Aiming to Deliver Precision Medicines to Patients with Cancer



Prelude Discovery and Development Engine



Differentiated Programs with Transformative Potential for Patients with Cancer



Powerful Discovery Engine expected to generate new INDs every 12-18 months

Prelude Precision Oncology Pipeline: Diversified and Differentiated

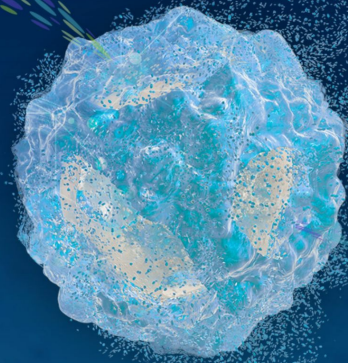
PROGRAM	CANCER INDICATIONS	DISCOVERY	PHASE 1	PHASE 2/3	AREAS OF CLINICAL FOCUS
CDK9 PRT2527	Selected solid and hematologic malignancies				CLL, Lymphoma
MCL1 PRT1419	Selected hematologic malignancies and solid tumors				AML, CLL, Lymphoma
CDK4/6 PRT3645	Selected solid tumors				Breast Cancer, Gliomas, HNSCC, Lung, and Endometrial cancers
SMARCA2 PRT3789 (IV)	Multiple genomically-selected cancers				SMARCA4 mutated NSCLC and Other cancers
SMARCA2 (Oral)	Multiple genomically-selected cancers				SMARCA4 mutated NSCLC and Other cancers
New Programs (Multiple targets)	Selected solid and hematologic malignancies				Solid Tumors Heme Malignancies

Driving The Programs to Key Milestones and Value Creation

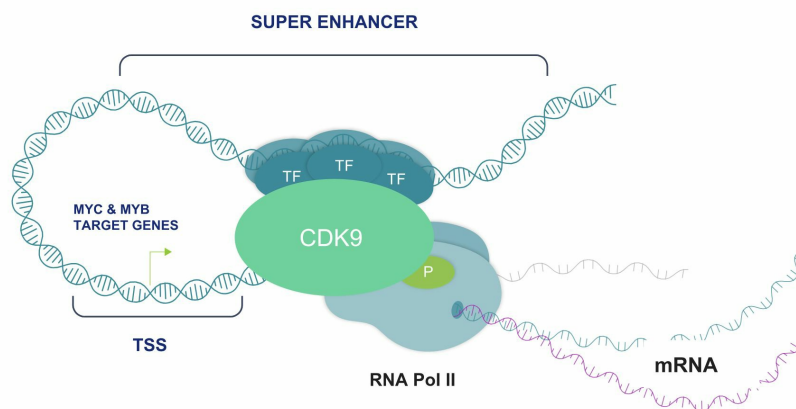
PROGRAM	2023 MILESTONES
PRT2527 CDK9	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Present solid tumor data at AACR 2023✓ RP2D in solid tumors in early-2023• RP2D in hematological malignancies in 2H• Present initial clinical data for hematological malignancies in 2H
PRT1419 MCL1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Present solid tumor data at AACR 2023• RP2D in hematological malignancies in 2H• Present initial clinical data for hematological malignancies in 2H
PRT3645 Next Generation CDK4/6	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Expected to provide initial clinical data in 2H
PRT3789 SMARCA2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Initiate Phase 1 in 1Q• Expected to provide clinical update 2H

PRT2527

CDK9 Inhibitor



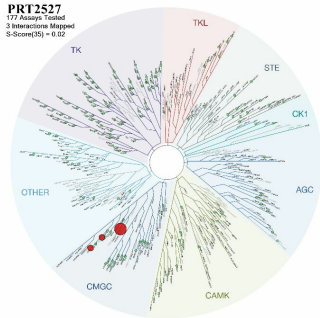
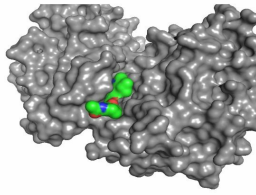
CDK9 Inhibition: Targeting Cancer by Regulating Oncogene Expression



- CDK9 regulates expression of several **oncogenes that drive cancer cell growth and resistance** (i.e. MYC, MYB, MCL1)
- Non-selective CDK9 inhibitors have demonstrated clinical activity in multiple tumor types but poor tolerability
- **Improving the selectivity of CDK9 inhibitors may translate to better activity and safety profile**

PRT2527: Potent and Highly Selective CDK9 Inhibitor

Highly Selective, ATP Competitive CDK9 Inhibitor



Compound		AZD4573	KB0742	VIP152**	PRT2527
Biochemical* IC ₅₀ (nM)	CDK9	1.9	483	16	0.95
Proliferation* IC ₅₀ (nM)		11	915	84	18
Plasma* IC ₅₀ (nM)		192	1056	923	196
Fold Selectivity CDK9 vs Other Isoforms	CDK1	23x	>20x	371x	73x
	CDK2	35x	>20x	147x	340x
	CDK3	2x	>20x	37x	35x
	CDK4	53x	>20x	38x	250x
	CDK5	37x	>20x	>600x	>1000x
	CDK6	79x	>20x	296x	>1000x
	CDK7	150x	>20x	>600x	>1000x

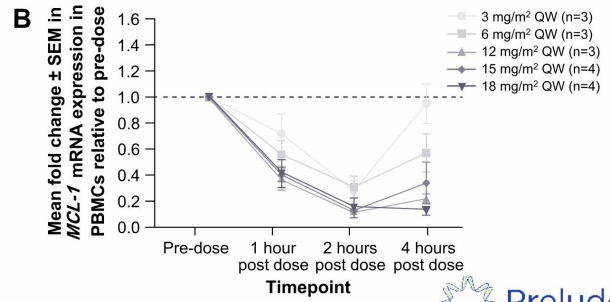
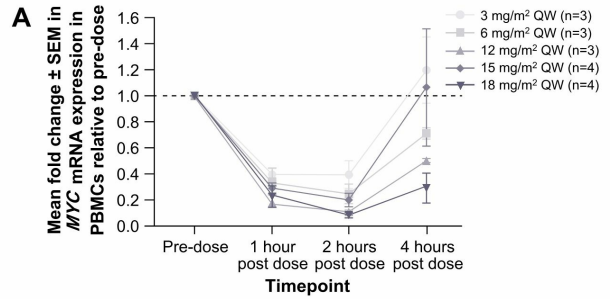
>100x
100-10x
<10x

*Internal data; biochemical assay at 1 mM ATP, H929 CTG proliferation assay; **VIP151 was formerly BAY151 and licensed to Vincerx by Bayer

CDK9 inhibitor: PRT2527

Phase 1 Dose-Escalation Study in Advanced Solid Tumors

- Phase 1 dose escalation study of PRT2527 is ongoing and enrolling the following tumor types
 - Selected sarcomas displaying a gene fusion
 - Castrate resistant prostate cancer
 - HR+ HER2- breast cancer
 - Non-small cell lung cancer
 - Solid tumors with MYC amplification
- In the 18 patients treated in dose escalation, PRT2527 was generally well tolerated with manageable neutropenia and absence of significant gastrointestinal events or hepatotoxicity
- The 15 m/mg2 QW dose of PRT2527 was selected for further evaluation in a dose-confirmation cohort
- Dose-dependent inhibition of CDK9 transcription targets observed in PBMCs



ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT05159518

HR+ Hormone receptor positive; HER2- Human epidermal growth factor negative

Presented at AACR 2023; https://preludetx.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/Henry_2527-01_AACR-CT173-poster_23MAR23.pdf



CDK9 Inhibitor: PRT2527

Phase 1 Studies in Solid Tumors and Hematologic Malignancies

Dose Escalation

PRT2527
Solid Tumors
N=18

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT05159518

Dose Confirmation

PRT2527
MYC Amplified or Overexpressed Solid
Tumors,
Prostate Cancer
N=15

Solid Tumor data at AACR 2023

Dose Escalation

PRT2527
Monotherapy
Aggressive B cell lymphomas (multiple
types), follicular lymphoma,
CLL/SLL/Richters, MCL

Dose Confirmation

PRT2527
N=30

*RP2D in hematological malignancies 2H 2023
Initial clinical data in 2H 2023*

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT05665530

Solid Tumors

- Dose dependent increases in drug concentrations and target engagement observed in Phase 1
- Clinical MYC and MCL1 depletion to levels consistent with tumor regression in preclinical models
- Generally well tolerated

Hematologic Malignancies

- ASH 2022 preclinical oral presentation
- CDK9 as a target externally validated in aggressive lymphoma and other heme malignancies

CDK9 Inhibitor Differentiation and Market Opportunity

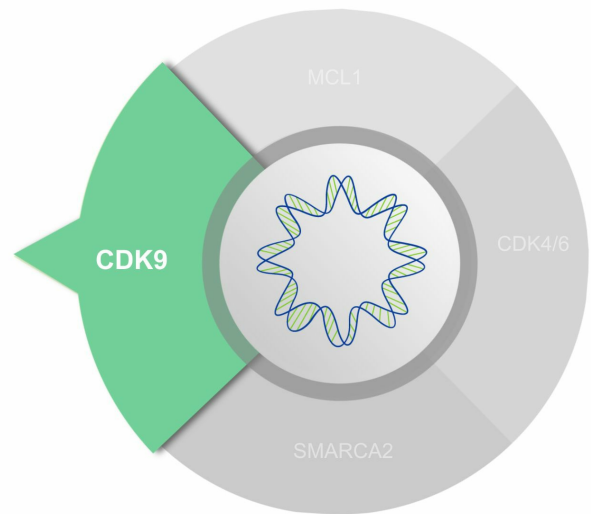
Potential for Improved Safety Based on Best-in-Class Kinome Selectivity

PRT2527 is designed to be a highly potent CDK9 inhibitor with **best-in-class kinome selectivity** compared to competitor compounds

- Designed to have an **optimized PK profile** to maximize therapeutic window
- **Highly active** in pre-clinical models at **well-tolerated doses**
- **High levels of inhibition** of CDK9 dependent genes in Phase 1

Market Opportunity

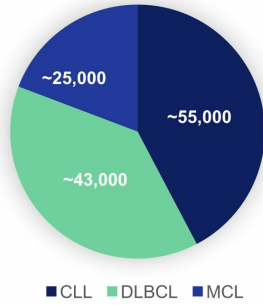
- CDK9 inhibitors in lymphomas, including CLL, Mantle cell and DLBCL may address areas of high unmet need



PRT2527: Broad Potential to Address areas of High Unmet Need

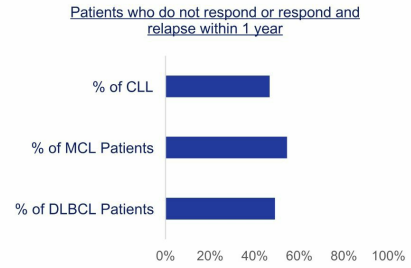
Broad Opportunity:

~125K patients treated annually(US):
CLL, MCL and DLBCL^{1,2,3,4,5}



Limited Treatment Options:

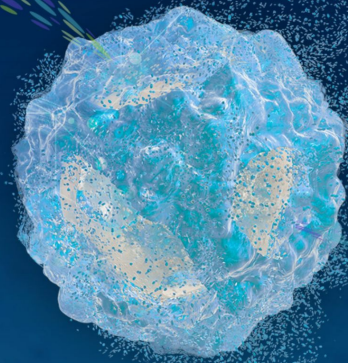
>50% of High Risk CLL, MCL and DLBCL patients are refractory/relapsed within 1 year after 2L Treatment^{2,3}



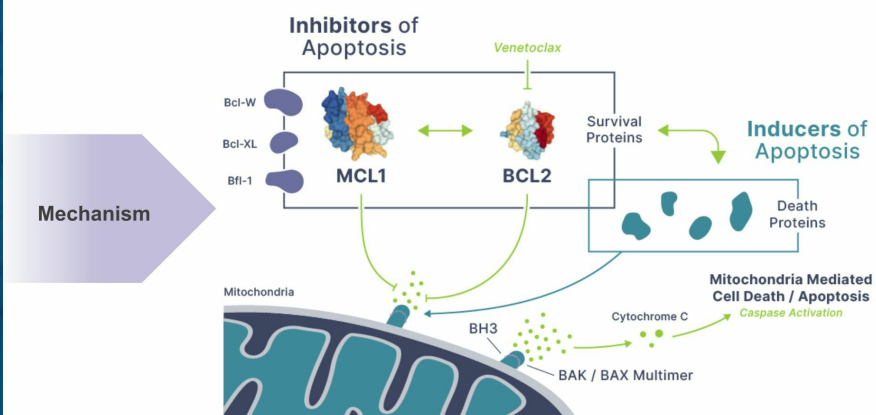
1. SEER Cancer Stat Facts: <https://seer.cancer.gov/statfacts/html/clyl.html>; 2. Gena Kanas, et. al. Epidemiology of diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL) and follicular lymphoma (FL) in the United States and Western Europe 3. CancerMPact® Treatment Architecture, Non-Hodgkin US, 4. CancerMPact® Treatment Architecture, Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia, US, 5. CLL Patient Based Forecast, Datamonitor Healthcare

PRT1419

MCL1 Inhibitor



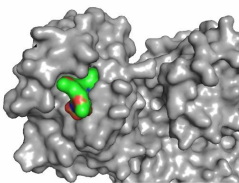
MCL1 inhibition: Targeting Cancer Cell Survival



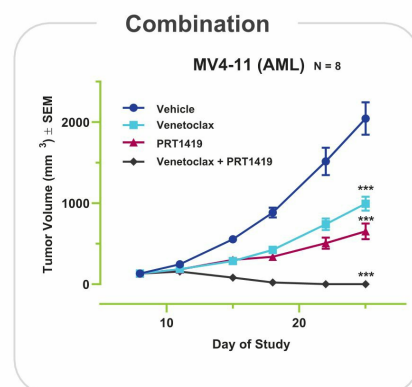
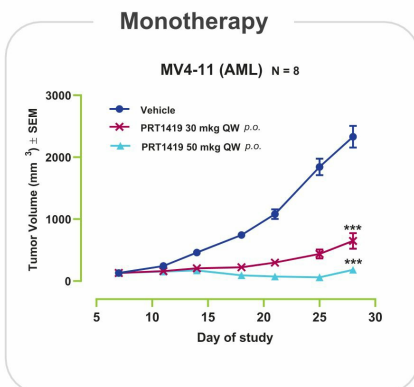
- MCL1 is a member of the **BCL2 family of inhibitors** of apoptosis
- Emerged as a **resistance mechanism** to the BCL2 inhibitor Venetoclax
- Prolonged depletion of MCL1 is undesirable and may be associated with cardiac toxicity
- Optimizing the PK profile of an MCL1 inhibitor may **maximize the therapeutic window**

PRT1419 is Potent MCL1 Inhibitor with Demonstrated Preclinical Activity as Monotherapy and in Combination

Prelude compounds are competitive inhibitors of BIM binding

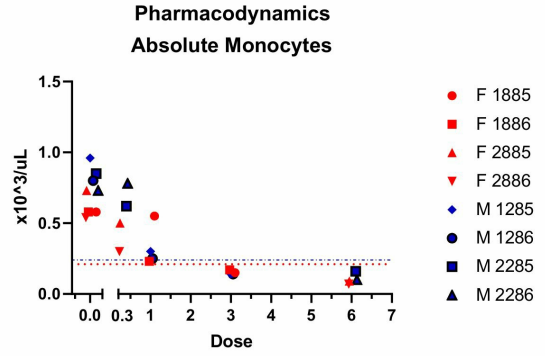
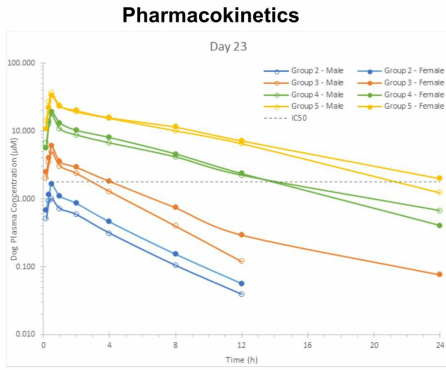


	Proliferation IC ₅₀ (nM)	Whole Blood IC ₅₀ (nM)
AMG176	150	1800
AZD5991	31	320
MIK665	4.5	430
PRT1419	80	210



Robust monotherapy activity also seen in models of DLBCL & MM

PRT1419: Not Observed to Cause Cardiac Injury in Preclinical Toxicology Studies



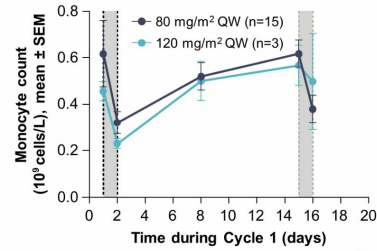
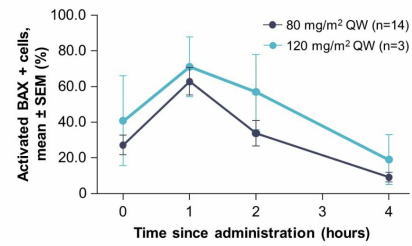
- Doses: 0.3, 1, 3 and 6 mg/m²; once weekly
- Linear increases in exposure
- No troponin elevations observed at any doses, even high dose which covered EC90 for 24h
- No histopathological evidence of cardiac injury

MCL-1 inhibitor: PRT1419

Phase 1 Dose-Escalation Study in Advanced Solid Tumors

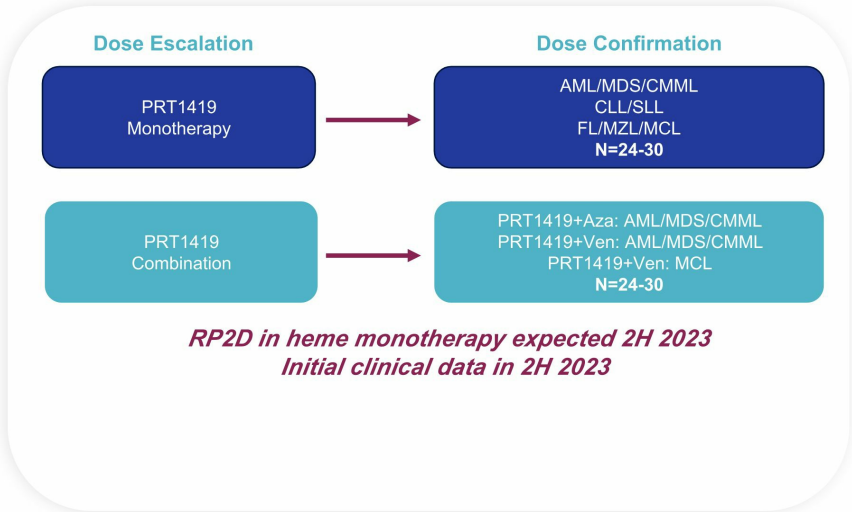
- PRT1419 demonstrated acceptable safety and tolerability in patients with advanced metastatic solid tumors, with the most common TRAEs of nausea, vomiting and diarrhea
 - Neutropenia was deemed to be dose related
 - No cardiac toxicity was observed
- Induction of activated-BAX and cleaved caspase-3 was observed at 80 and 120 mg/m²: QW PRT1419, suggesting optimal MCL-1 inhibition
- Upregulation of MCL1 is a mechanism of resistance to BCL2 inhibition, particularly in CLL and AML; Strong preclinical hypothesis in heme

Phase 1 Target Engagement



Presented at AACR 2023; https://preludetx.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/Falchook_1419-02_AACR-CT172-poster-23MAR23.pdf

MCL1 inhibitor: PRT1419
Phase 1 Study in Hematologic Malignancies



ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT05107856

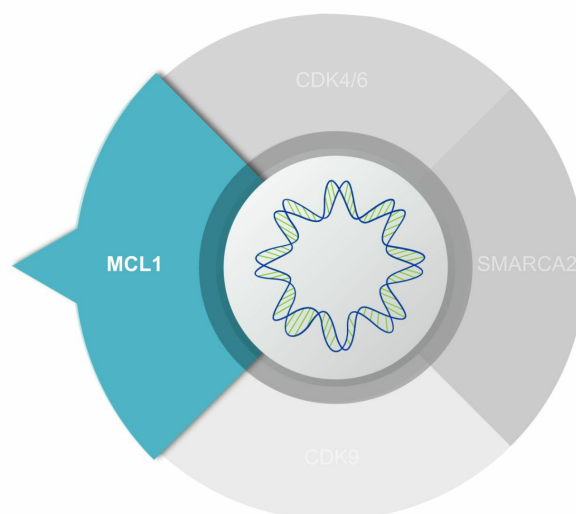
MCL1 Inhibitor Differentiation and Market Opportunity

Designed to have PK Profile to Achieve Desired Target Engagement

- PRT1419 is designed to be a **highly potent and selective** MCL1 inhibitor
- Designed to have a PK profile with **high clearance** to provide desired target engagement with **improved safety**
- **No cardiotoxicity or troponin changes** in GLP preclinical studies at doses exceeding those required for efficacy
- **No evidence of cardiotoxicity** in the solid tumor Phase 1 at the recommended Phase 2 dose

Market Opportunity

- AML, CLL and MCL patients need additional treatment options

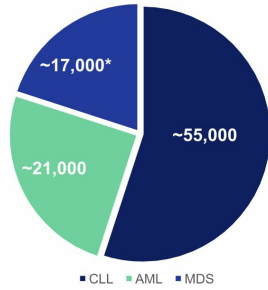


PRT1419: MCL1 Inhibitor Offers Potential Benefit for Patients with Poor Outcomes

Broad Opportunity:

~95K patients treated annually(US):
CLL, AML, MDS ^{1,2,3,4}

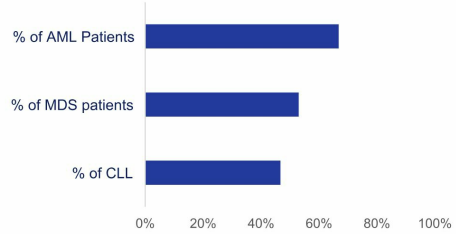
Annual Treated Patients (US Only)



Outcomes for relapsed / refractory patients are poor:

>50% of CLL, High Risk MDS and Unfit AML patients are refractory/relapsed within 1 year after second relapse^{2,3,4}

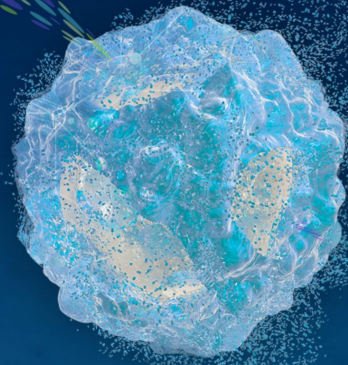
Patients who do not respond or respond and relapse within 1 year



1. SEER Cancer Stat Facts: Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia. National Cancer Institute. Bethesda, MD, <https://seer.cancer.gov/statfacts/html/clyl.html>; 2. CancerMPact® Treatment Architecture, Non-Hodgkin US May 2022 3. CancerMPact® Treatment Architecture, Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia, US May 2022 4. CancerMPact® Treatment Architecture, MDS, US., August 2022 * MDS number represents annual incident patients, treated patient number may be higher.

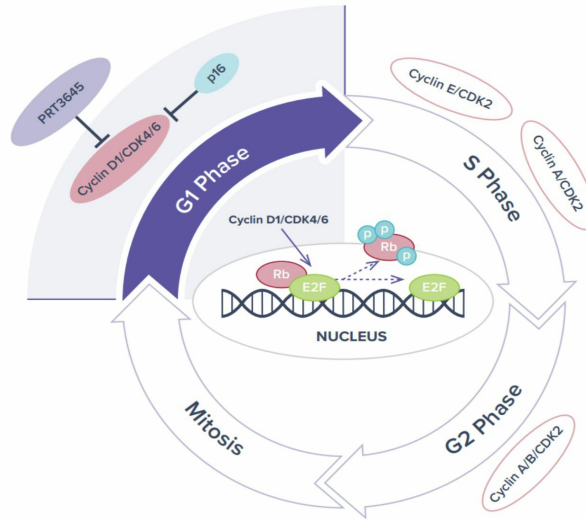
PRT3645

Next Generation CDK4/6 Inhibitor



Next Generation CDK4/6 Inhibition: Targeting Cancer Through Cell Cycle Regulation

Mechanism



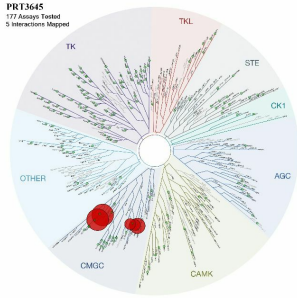
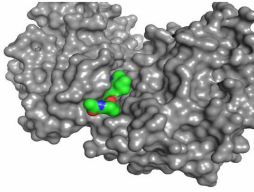
- **Validated mechanism** with approval of Next Generation CDK4/6 inhibitors in HR+ breast cancer
- **Resistance mechanism** to other inhibitors of the RAS and HER2 pathways, including KRAS G12C
- Inability of current inhibitors to **penetrate the blood-brain barrier (BBB)**
- Next generation CDK4/6 inhibitor with **improved tolerability and tissue penetrance** could translate into **activity in areas of unmet need** beyond HR+ breast cancer
- Sequential use of Next Generation CDK4/6 inhibitors in breast cancer may also improve outcomes

ASCO 2022 reference: A randomized, phase II trial of fulvestrant or exemestane with or without ribociclib after progression on anti-estrogen therapy plus cyclin-dependent kinase 4/6 inhibition (CDK 4/6i) in patients (pts) with unresectable or hormone receptor-positive (HR+), HER2-negative metastatic breast cancer (MBC): MAINTAIN trial. and See AACR 2023; https://preludex.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/Zou_CDK46_AACR-2023_Poster-5973_04APR23.pdf

PRT3645 – Designed to be a Highly Selective Next Generation CDK4/6 Inhibitor

Bias towards CDK4 over CDK6

Highly Selective, ATP Competitive



Compound		Palbociclib	Abemaciclib	PRT3645
Biochemical* IC ₅₀ (nM)	CDK4	25	5	3
Proliferation* IC ₅₀ (nM)		52	70	47
Phospho-Rb* IC ₅₀ (nM)		28	30	16
Fold Selectivity CDK4 vs Other Isoforms	CDK6	1x	6x	5x
	CDK1	>500x	>500x	>500x
	CDK2	>500x	173x	>500x
	CDK3	>500x	212x	>500x
	CDK5	>500x	>500x	>500x
	CDK7	>500x	>500x	>500x
	CDK9	209x	59x	>500x

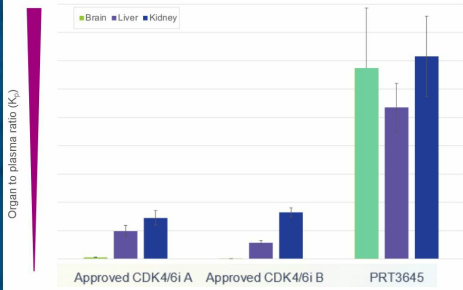
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*Internal data; biochemical assay at 1 mM ATP, MCF7 CTG proliferation assay; MCF7 pRB

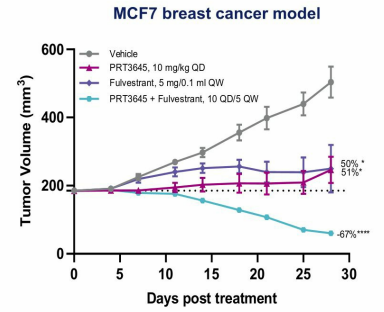
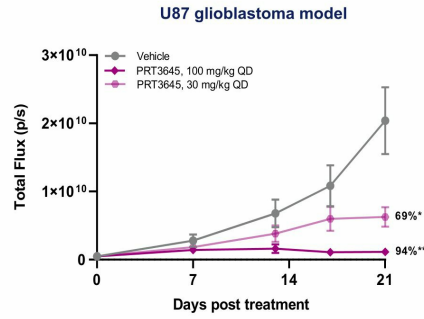
PRT3645: Next Generation CDK4/6 inhibitor

Improved Tissue Penetration and Favorable Activity in Preclinical Models

PRT3645 demonstrated higher brain penetration than approved CDK4/6 inhibitors

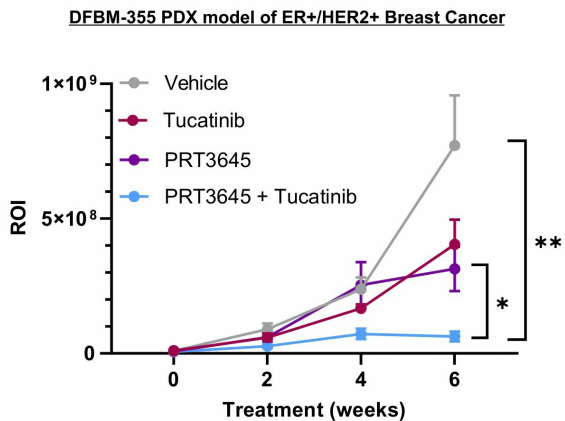
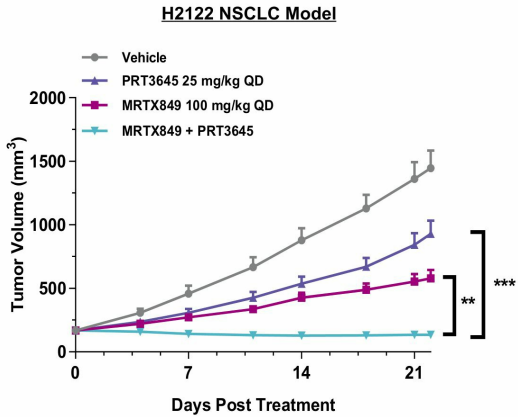


PRT3645 showed favorable activity in vivo as monotherapy and in combination



Presented at AACR 2023; https://preludetx.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/05/Prelude_AACR_Juvekar-CDK4-FINAL-28Mar2022.pdf

Potential for Novel Combinations to Extend the Reach of CDK4/6 Inhibition Beyond ER+ Breast Cancer



PRT3645 observed to enhance the activity of KRAS G12C inhibitor in NSCLC models and with HER2 kinase inhibitor in ER+/HER2+ BC models

Next Generation CDK4/6 Inhibitor: PRT3645

Phase 1 Study in Solid Tumors

Dose Escalation and Confirmation

PRT3645

Biomarker enriched patients with select tumor types including sarcomas, mesothelioma, gliomas, head and neck cancers and non-small cell lung cancer, in addition to breast cancer with or without brain metastases

Initial clinical data in 2H 2023
RP2D in solid tumors in 2H 2024

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT05538572

- A potentially differentiated and highly brain penetrant Next Generation CDK4/6 inhibitor
- Potential to extend the reach of CDK4/6 inhibition beyond HR+ breast cancers, for which the first generation CDK4/6 inhibitors were approved

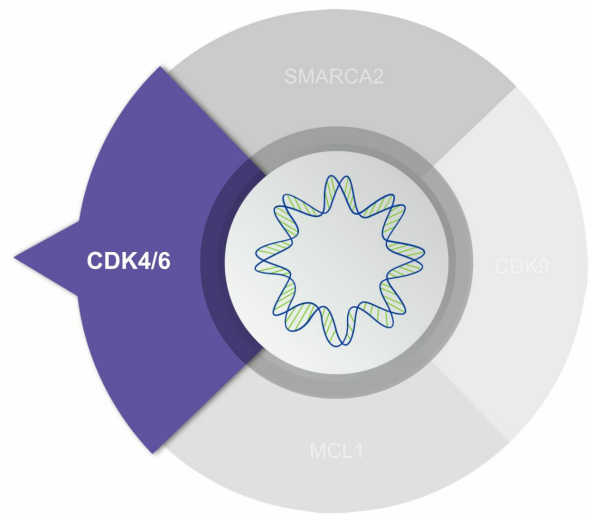
Next Generation CDK4/6 Inhibitor Differentiation and Market Opportunity

Deep Tissue Penetration with Potential for Activity in Areas of Unmet Need

- PRT3645 has potential to be a **highly potent and selective** Next Generation CDK4/6 inhibitor
- Designed for **deep tissue penetration including brain penetration**
- Designed for **improved metabolic profile** to allow for combination treatment in diseases beyond breast cancer
- **Favorable toxicity** in preclinical GLP studies with **potential for improved tolerability** in the clinic

Market Opportunity:

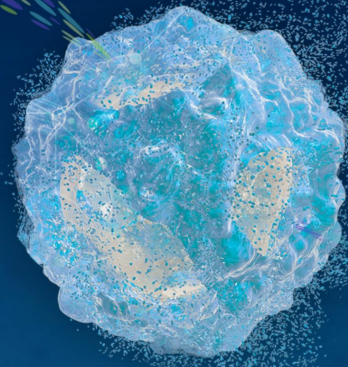
- Breast cancer patients may benefit from sequential CDK4/6 inhibitors treatment
- There are estimated to be 65,000 breast cancer patients treated with CDK4/6 inhibitors in 2023 in the U.S.
- Other solid tumors (lung cancer, glioma, HER2+ breast cancer) may demonstrate activity in combination



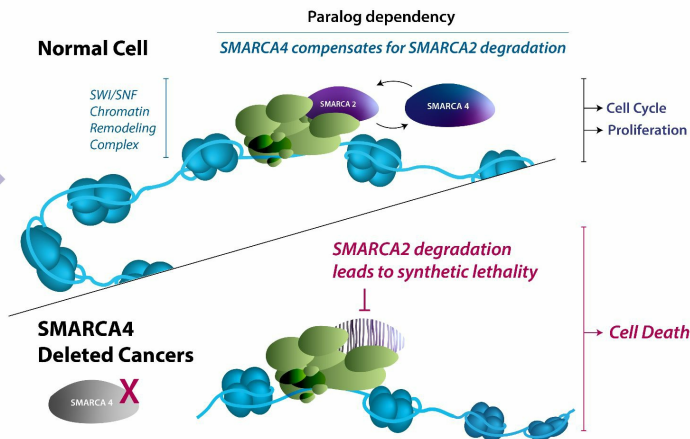
PRT3645 Module 2.6 IND PK written summary; ASCO 2022 reference: A randomized, phase II trial of fulvestrant or exemestane with or without ribociclib after progression on anti-estrogen therapy plus cyclin-dependent kinase 4/6 inhibition (CDK 4/6i) in patients (pts) with unresectable or hormone receptor-positive (HR+), HER2-negative metastatic breast cancer (MBC): MAINTAIN trial. and See AACR 2023; https://preludetx.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/Zou_CDK46_AACR-2023_Poster-5973_04APR23.pdf

PR3789

SMARCA2 Degradar



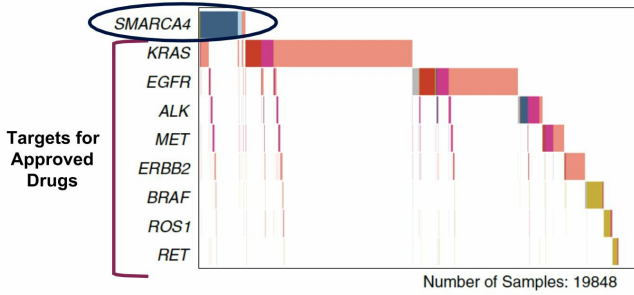
Targeting SMARCA2 (BRM): Leveraging Synthetic Lethality



- The chromatin remodeling (SWI/SNF) complex is frequently mutated in cancer making it a **potential therapeutic target**
 - Activation of the SWI/SNF complex requires either SMARCA4 (BRG1) or SMARCA2 (BRM)
 - Loss of SMARCA4 (BRG1) through mutation leads to dependency on SMARCA2 (BRM)
 - Subsets of solid tumors express SMARCA4 (BRG1) mutations
 - Selectively inhibiting SMARCA2 (BRM) offers an attractive approach to target SMARCA4 (BRG1) mutant tumors

SMARCA4 Mutations in NSCLC: An Opportunity with No Approved Therapies

SMARCA4 Mutation – A Potentially Novel Biomarker for NSCLC



Fernando et al. Nature Communications 2020

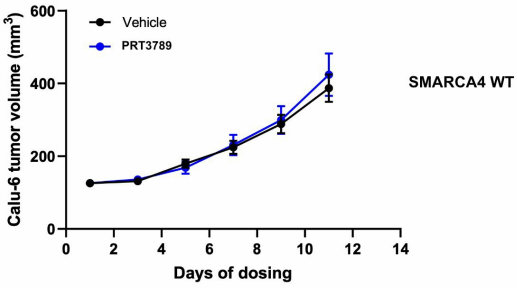
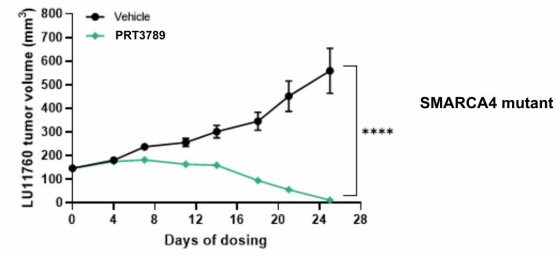
SMARCA4 Prevalence across selected Solid Tumors

Indication	Any SMARCA4 Mutation ^{1,2,3}
NSCLC	10.0%
Esophageal	8.0%
Gastric (stomach adeno)	8.3%
Skin (invasive and in situ melanoma)*	21.0%
Endometrial (uterine corpus)	13.3%
Squamous cell lung	7.7%
Urinary (bladder)	9.0%
Colorectal	6.0%
Pancreatic	2.9%
Melanoma (invasive)	8.7%

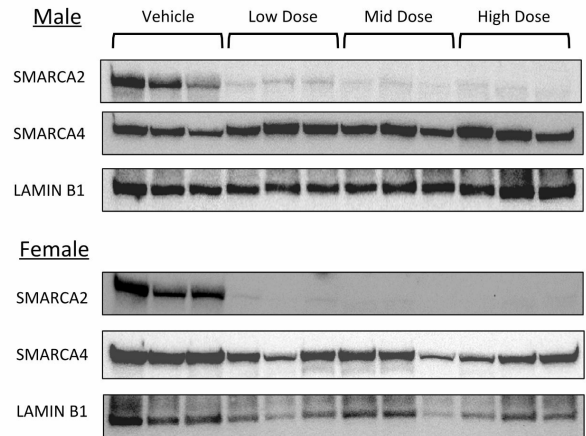
1.cBioPortal; FoundationCore; 2.SMARCA4 LOF mutations included homozygous missense, hotspot mutations with LOF, and damaging mutations; 3.SEER 2022; Globocan; * Source: American Cancer Society – Cancer Facts & Figures 2022

PRT3789: Potent and Selective SMARCA2 Degrader with *In Vivo* Activity

Robust Tumor Growth Inhibition of SMARCA4 mutated but not WT Xenograft



Significant Degradation of SMARCA2 Protein but not SMARCA4 in Preclinical Models



Presented at AACR 2023; https://preludetx.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/Hulse_SMARCA2_AACR-2023_Poster-6270_04APR23.pdf
 Presented at AACR 2022; https://preludetx.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/05/Prelude_AACR_Hulse-SMARCA2-FINAL-21Mar2022.pdf

SMARCA2 Degradar: PRT3789

Phase 1 Study in Solid Tumors

Dose Escalation and Confirmation

PRT3789
Solid Tumors with loss of SMARCA4
Backfill: up to 10 participants with a minimum of 6 NSCLC
participants with loss of SMARCA4

IND cleared Q4 2022
Clinical update expected 2H 2023

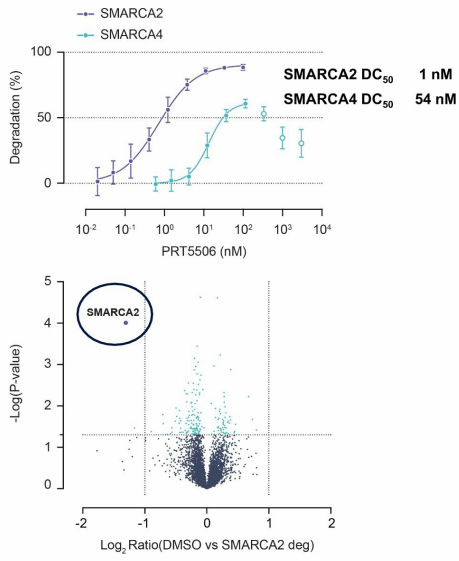
ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT05639751

- SMARCA2 inhibition has the greatest potential in patients with SMARCA4 deficient cancers, including approximately 10% of all non-small cell lung cancers
- SMARCA2 degradation to be evaluated in Phase 1
- Study population: advanced, recurrent, or metastatic disease, with loss of SMARCA4 due to truncating mutation and/or deletion
- Biomarker selected by local NGS or IHC in tumor tissue or blood

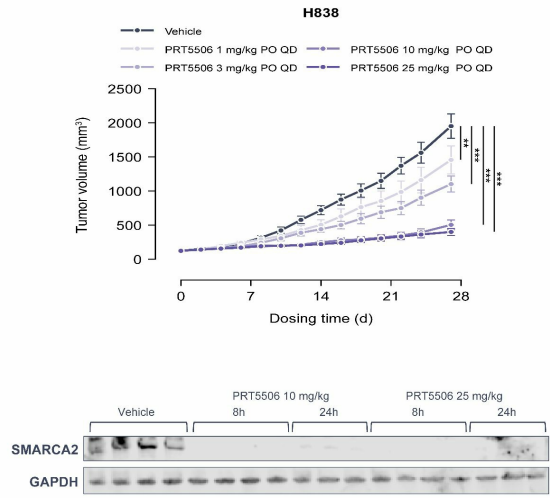
Selective Orally Bioavailable SMARCA2 Degradator Program

PRT5506 - Preclinical Lead to Demonstrate Proof-of-Concept

Potent and Highly Selective SMARCA2 Degradation



Robust Tumor Growth Inhibition of SMARCA4 Mutated Xenograft with Oral Dosing



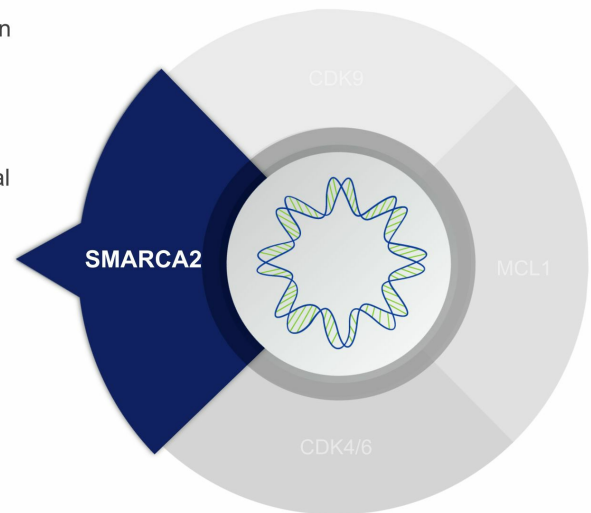
SMARCA2 Differentiation and Market Opportunity

Potential First-in-Class SMARCA2 (BRM) Targeted Protein Degraders

- PRT3789 is a **potential first-in-class** SMARCA2 Degraders
- **Potentially potent and selective** SMARCA2 targeted protein degrader approach
- We believe SMARCA2 selectivity may provide a **favorable toxicity profile**
- Observed **favorable efficacy** in SMARCA4 mutant preclinical models, we believe provides path for **patient selection strategy** in the clinic

Market Opportunity:

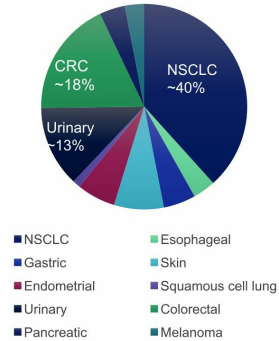
- 70,000 patients with SMARCA4 mutation in the US/EU5



PRT3789: Large Pan-Tumor Unmet Need in Patients with SMARCA4 Mutation

Broad Opportunity:

Distribution of Patients with SMARCA4 mutation by Tumor, based on study of ~130k patients^{1,2,3}



Improvement vs SoC:

Most common 2L mNSCLC regimen offers minimal benefit and significant toxicity⁴

mPFS ~ 4.5 months
docetaxel + ramucirumab

SMARCA 4 Degradar offers:

First in Class Treatment Option in patients with no approved drugs

1. Fernando, T.M., Piskol, R., Bainer, R. et al. Functional characterization of SMARCA4 variants identified by targeted exome-sequencing of 131,668 cancer patients. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-020-19402-8>; 2. <https://www.mycancergenome.org/content/gene/smarca4/>; 3. US SEER Database; 4. CancerMPact® Treatment Architecture, NSCLC – Non Driver Mutation.



Prelude Therapeutics: Key Takeaways



Deep clinical pipeline with unique and potentially **best-in-class or first-in-class molecules**



Opportunity to drive programs to key inflection points in the next **12 – 24 months**



Emerging clinical data on CDK9 and MCL-1 programs demonstrated the potential for **class-leading opportunities**



Potentially **first-in-class SMARCA2 degrader program** with a potentially significant lead over competitors and offers transformational potential for the company



We expect our cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities as of June 1, 2023 will enable us to fund operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements into 2026

Experienced Management Team: Proven Track Records



Kris Vaddi, PhD
*Founder &
 Chief Executive Officer*



Jane Huang M.D.
*President and Chief
 Medical Officer*



Peggy Scherle, PhD
Chief Scientific Officer



Andrew Combs, PhD
*Executive Vice President
 and Head of Chemistry*



Laurent Chardonnet, MBA
Chief Financial Officer



Bryant Lim, J.D.
*Chief Legal Officer and
 Corporate Secretary*



